
EXAMINATION OF HYPOTHESES IN MARKETING RESEARCH

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ABSTRACT: *Statistical data is derived based on the survey of respondents, in the following three areas of the Georgian consumer market: product prices, tuition fees in higher education, the number of people wishing to travel to the parts of Georgia. Using this marketing information, the task of examination hypotheses about the unknown average values of populations is solved.*

KEYWORDS: respondent, data, statistics, hypothesis

INTRODUCTION

In marketing research, along with marketing methods, probabilistic-statistical methods are used [1], for example, regressive analysis is used in [2], [3], [4] papers. The article solves the problems of hypothesis examination in marketing research in the following three areas: prices of thirty products, tuition fees in four higher education institutions, the number of people wishing to travel to ten regions of Georgia. Remarkably, the marketing information was obtained is a result of the survey of respondents of Tbilisi. Current and acceptable prices for products and higher education tuition fees are discussed.

Consider any X population. In our case, it is the abundance of current and user-named prices of products, the abundance of prices for higher education, the abundance of those wishing to travel. We note the unknown mean value of the symbol population. Suppose x_1, \dots, x_n is a sample of n volumes taken from the X population - the results of n population observations. Consider the null basic hypothesis $H_0: a = a_0$ and the opposite $H_1: a > a_0$. Where a is the unknown mean value of the population X. The task of testing hypotheses is as follows: We need to use sampling to make a criterion based on which we can decide whether to accept or reject the H_0 hypothesis. The following form of the criterion $t = \frac{\bar{X} - a_0}{s} \cdot \sqrt{n}$: where \bar{X} is the selective mean, s is the selective standard deviation. H_0 Hypothesis rejection or critical area: $t > t_{n-1, \alpha}$; Where $t_{n-1, \alpha}$ is the critical point of the student distribution, and α is a definite number, for example, $\alpha = 0.05$.

Population average α and dispersion σ^2 is unknown

Product 1. Rice

Table 2.3.1. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	1	1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.9	1.9

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 1.6$ alternative $H_1 : a > 1.6$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 1.433 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.225 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = -2.566$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 1. Rice

Table 2.3.2. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	1	1

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 0.75$ alternative $H_1 : a > 0.75$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 0.7 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.125 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = -1.3856$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 2. Buckwheat

Table 2.3.3. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.8	2	2

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 1.5$ alternative $H_1 : a > 1.5$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 1.575 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.2 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 1.299$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 2. Buckwheat

Table 2.3.4. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 0.4$ alternative $H_1 : a > 0.4$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 0.467 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.025 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 9.2376$$

Decision: It is fair H_1 hypothesis

Product 3. Pasta

Table 2.3.5. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	2	2	2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 2.1$ alternative $H_1 : a > 2.1$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 2.2 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.075 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 4.6188$$

Decision: It is fair H_1 hypothesis

Product 3. Pasta

Table 2.3.6. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	1	1	1	1.2	1	1	1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1	1

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 1.05$ alternative $H_1 : a > 1.05$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 1.067 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.05 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 1.1547$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 4. Wheat Bread

Table 2.3.7. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 1.5$ alternative $H_1 : a > 1.5$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 1.75 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.1 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 8.6603$$

Decision: It is fair H_1 hypothesis

Product 4. Wheat Bread

Table 2.3.8. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 0.5$ alternative $H_1 : a > 0.5$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 0.533 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.025 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 4.6188$$

Decision: It is fair H_1 hypothesis

Product 5. Wheat Flour

Table 2.3.9. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	2	2	2	2	1.8	1.8	1.8	2	2	2	2.2	2.2

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 2$ alternative $H_1 : a > 2$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 1.983 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.1 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = -0.5774$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 5. Wheat Flour

Table 2.3.10. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 0.7$ alternative $H_1 : a > 1.9$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 0.825 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.025 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 17.321$$

Decision: It is fair H_1 hypothesis

Product 6. Corn Flour

Table 2.3.11. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	2	2	2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2	1.8

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 1.9$ alternative $H_1 : a > 1.9$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 1.967 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.1 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 2.3094$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 6. Corn Flour

Table 2.3.12. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	1	1	1	1	1	1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 1.1$ alternative $H_1 : a > 1.1$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 1.075 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.05 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = -1.7321$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 7. Beef

Table 2.3.13. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	14	14	14	14	15	15	14	16	16	16	15	15

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 15.1$ alternative $H_1 : a > 15.1$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 14.83 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.5 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = -1.8475$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 7. Beef

Table 2.3.14. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	7	7	7	8	7	8	8	7	7	7	8	8

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 7.51$ alternative $H_1 : a > 7.51$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 7.417 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.25 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = -1.2933$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 8. Pork

Table 2.3.15. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	9	9	9	10	10	10	9	9	10	10	10	11

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 9.51$ alternative $H_1 : a > 9.51$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 9.667 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.5 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 1.0854$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 8. Pork

Table 2.3.16. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	5	5	5	5	7	7	7	6	6	6	5	5

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 5.51$ alternative $H_1 : a > 5.51$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 5.75 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.5 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 1.6628$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 9. Chicken

Table 2.3.19. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	4	4	4	6	5	5	5	5	6	6	7	7

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 5.51$ alternative $H_1 : a > 5.51$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 5.333 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.75 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = -0.816$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 9. Chicken

Table 2.3.2. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	3	3	3	3	3.5	3.5	4	4	3	3	3.5	3.5

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 3.51$ alternative $H_1 : a > 3.51$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 3.333 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.25 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = -2.448$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 10. Minced Beef

Table 2.3.19. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	14	14	14	14.5	14.5	15	15	15	15	16	15	15

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 13.51$ alternative $H_1 : a > 13.5$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 14.75 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.5 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 8.591$$

Decision: It is fair H_1 hypothesis

Product 10. Minced Beef

Table 2.3.20. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	5	5	6	5	5	6	6	6	5	5	6	5

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 5.51$ alternative $H_1 : a > 5.51$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 5.417 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.25 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = -1.2933$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 11. Sausages (boiled)

Table 2.3.21. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	7	7	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	10	9	9

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 8.5$ alternative $H_1 : a > 8.5$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 8.417 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.75 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = -0.3849$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 11. Sausages (boiled)

Table 2.3.22. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	4	4	3	3	3	3	4	4	3	3	4	3

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 3.5$ alternative $H_1 : a > 3.5$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 3.417 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.25 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = -1.1547$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 12. Sausages (smoked)

Table 2.3.23. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	10	10	12	11	11	11	11	10	12	12	13	13

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 11.5$ alternative $H_1 : a > 11.5$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 11.33 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.75 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = -0.7698$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 12. Sausages (smoked)

Table 2.3.24. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	3	4	4	5	3	3	3	4	3	3	4	4

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 3.5$ alternative $H_1 : a > 3.5$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 3.583 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.5 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 0.5774$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 13. Sausages (regular)

Table 2.3.25. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	9	9	9	8	8	10	10	10	9	9	10	9

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 9$ alternative $H_1 : a > 9$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 9.167 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.5 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 1.1547$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 13. Sausages (regular)

Table 2.3.26. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	3	3	4	3	4	4	4	3	4	4	5	4

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 4$ alternative $H_1 : a > 4$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 3.75 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.5 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = -1.7321$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 14. Fresh Fish

Table 2.3.27. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	13	13	13	14	15	14	14	13	14	14	15	14

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 14$ alternative $H_1 : a > 14$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 13.83 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.5 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = -1.1547$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 14. Fresh Fish

Table 2.3.28. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	5	4	4	5	5	5	4	3	4	4	5	4

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 4$ alternative $H_1 : a > 4$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 4.333 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.5 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 2.3094$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 15. Frozen Fish

Table 2.3.29. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	7	7	7	8	7	7	8	8	8	8	7	7

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 7$ alternative $H_1 : a > 7$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 7.417 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.25 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 5.7735$$

Decision: It is fair H_1 hypothesis

Product 15. Frozen Fish

Table 2.3.30. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	2	2	3	2	3	3	4	4	4	3	4	4

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 2.7$ alternative $H_1 : a > 2.7$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 3.167 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.5 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 3.2332$$

Decision: It is fair H_1 hypothesis

Product 16. Milk

Table 2.3.32. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	3	3	3	4	3.5	3	4	3	3	4	4	4

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 3.4$ alternative $H_1 : a > 3.4$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 3.458 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.25 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11:0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 0.8083$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 16. Milk

Table 2.3.30. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	1	1	1	1	1	1.2	1.2	1	1	1	1.2	1.2

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 1$ alternative $H_1 : a > 1$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 1.067 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.05 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11:0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 4.6188$$

Decision: It is fair H_1 hypothesis

Product 17. Yoghurt

Table 2.3.33. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.4

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 1$ alternative $H_1 : a > 1$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 1.267 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.05 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11:0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 18.475$$

Decision: It is fair H_1 hypothesis

Product 17. Yoghurt

Table 2.3.34. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.4

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 0.1$ alternative $H_1 : a > 0.1$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 0.458 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.025 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11:0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 49.652$$

Decision: It is fair H_1 hypothesis

Product 18. Cheese

Table 2.3.35. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	8	8	8	9	9	10	9	10	10	10	9	10

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 8.2$ alternative $H_1 : a > 8.2$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 9.167 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.5 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 6.6973$$

Decision: It is fair H_1 hypothesis

Product 18. Cheese

Table 2.3.36. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	4	4	4	4	4.5	4.5	4	4	4	3.5	3	4

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 4$ alternative $H_1 : a > 4$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 3.958 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.375 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = -0.3849$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 19. Cottage Cheese

Table 2.3.37. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	3	3	3	4	4	3.5	3.5	4	4	4	4.5	4

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 4$ alternative $H_1 : a > 4$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 3.708 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.375 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = -2.6943$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 19. Cottage Cheese

Table 2.3.38. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	1	1	1	1.5	1.5	1.5	1	1	1.2	1.2	1	1

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 1$ alternative $H_1 : a > 1$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 1.158 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.125 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 4.3879$$

Decision: It is fair H_1 hypothesis

Product 20. Sour Cream

Table 2.3.39. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	2	2	2	2	2.2	2.2	2	2	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 2$ alternative $H_1 : a > 2$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 2.2 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.125 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 5.5426$$

Decision: It is fair H_1 hypothesis

Product 20. Sour Cream

Table 2.3.40. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	0.1	0.1	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.15	0.15

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 0.1$ alternative $H_1 : a > 0.1$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 0.129 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.025 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 4.0415$$

Decision: It is fair H_1 hypothesis

Product 21. Egg

Table 2.3.41. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 0.1$ alternative $H_1 : a > 0.1$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 0.317 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.05 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 15.011$$

Decision: It is fair H_1 hypothesis

Product 21. Egg

Table 2.3.42. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	0.1	0.1	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.15	0.15

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 0.06$ alternative $H_1 : a > 1$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 0.129 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.025 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 9.584$$

Decision: It is fair H_1 hypothesis

Product 22. Butter

Table 2.3.43. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	5	5	6	5	5	5.5	6	6	5.5	6	6.5	6

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 5$ alternative $H_1 : a > 5$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 5.625 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.375 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11:0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 5.7735$$

Decision: It is fair H_1 hypothesis

Product 22. Butter

Table 2.3.44. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	3	3	3	4	4	3	3	3	3	4	3	3

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 3.2$ alternative $H_1 : a > 3.2$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 3.25 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.25 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11:0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 0.6928$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 23. Vegetable Oil

Table 2.3.45. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	3	3	3	3	3	3.5	3.5	3	4	4	4	4

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 3$ alternative $H_1 : a > 3$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 3.417 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.25 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11:0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 5.7735$$

Decision: It is fair H_1 hypothesis

Product 23. Vegetable Oil

Table 2.3.46. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	1	1	1	1	1	1.5	1.5	1	1	1	1.5	1.5

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 1$ alternative $H_1 : a > 1$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 1.167 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.125 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11:0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 4.6188$$

Decision: It is fair H_1 hypothesis

Product 24. Aubergine

Table 2.3.47. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	4	4	4	4	4	4.5	4.5

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 4$ alternative $H_1 : a > 4$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 3.875 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.25 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = -1.7321$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 24. Aubergine

Table 2.3.48. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2	2	2	2	1.5	1.5

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 1.7$ *ალტერნატივა* $H_1 : a > 1.7$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 1.667 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.125 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = -0.9238$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 25. Potato

Table 2.3.49. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	2	2	2	1.8	1.8	2	2

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 1.7$ alternative $H_1 : a > 1.7$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 1.883 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.05 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 12.702$$

Decision: It is fair H_1 hypothesis

Product 25. Potato

Table 2.3.50. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	1	1	1	1	1	0.8	0.8	0.8	1	1	0.8	0.8

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 0.9$ alternative $H_1 : a > 0.9$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 0.917 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.05 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 1.1547$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 26. Bean

Table 2.3.51. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	4	4	4	4	4	4.5	4.5	4.5	4	4	4.5	4.5

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 4$ alternative $H_1 : a > 4$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 4.208 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.125 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 5.7735$$

Decision: It is fair H_1 hypothesis

Product 26. Bean

Table 2.3.52. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1	1	1	1	1.5	1.5	1.5

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 1$ ალტერნატივა $H_1 : a > 1$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 1.333 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.125 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 9.2376$$

Decision: It is fair H_1 hypothesis

Product 27. Sugar

Table 2.3.53. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 1$ alternative $H_1 : a > 1$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 1.433 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.025 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 60.044$$

Decision: It is fair H_1 hypothesis

Product 27. Sugar

Table 2.3.54. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 0.7$ alternative $H_1 : a > 0.7$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 0.642 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.075 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = -2.6943$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 28. Wine

Table 2.3.55. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	10	10	8	8

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 1$ alternative $H_1 : a > 1$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 8 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.75 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 32.332$$

Decision: It is fair H_1 hypothesis

Product 28. Wine

Table 2.3.56. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	3	3	3	2.5	3	2.5	2.5	3	3	2.5	2	2.5

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 2.8$ alternative $H_1 : a > 1$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 2.708 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.25 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = -1.2702$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 29. Vodka

Table 2.3.57. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	8	8	8	9	10	10	10	9	8	9	10	9

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 9.1$ alternative $H_1 : a > 9.1$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 9 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.5 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = -0.6928$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 29. Vodka

Table 2.3.58. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	3	3	3	4	3	3	4	3	3	3	2	3

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 3.2$ alternative $H_1 : a > 3.2$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 3.083 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.5 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = -0.8083$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 30. Beer

Table 2.3.59. Current prices

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	4	4	4	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	3

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 3.2$ alternative $H_1 : a > 3.2$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 2.917 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.5 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = -1.963$$

Decision: It is fair H_0 hypothesis

Product 30. Beer

Table 2.3.60. Prices named by the customer

t	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
price	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5

hypothesis $H_0 : a = 0.2$ alternative $H_1 : a > 0.2$

$$n = 12, \bar{X} = 0.458 \quad S = \frac{\max x_i - \min x_i}{4} = 0.025 \quad \alpha = 0.05 \quad t_{11;0.05} = 2.7 \quad t = \frac{\bar{X} - a}{s/\sqrt{n}} = 35.796$$

Decision: It is fair H_1 hypothesis

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